# Gold Investing from an ESG and Climate Perspective

May 25, 2021

**Event Partner** 





# **Agenda**

Welcome & Introduction

Speaker Introductions

Panel discussion on the ESG and climate-related aspects of gold investing

Live Q&A

**Event Partner** 



## **Welcome & Introduction**

**Peter Sigg** 

**President** 

**Commodity Club Switzerland** 

### Mission of Commodity Club Switzerland







- Foster research and education on commodity markets
- Drive transition towards a more responsible resource sector



- Reaches more than 400 commodity experts along commodity value-chain
- Founded in 2011 as a center of competence





- Goals will be achieved through education, multi-stakeholder dialogue and engaged experts
- Generates impact through evolved standards on investment sector

### Our journey and thematic focus



Education **Standards** Series of webinars **Education** Contribution to with CME on **Publication OECD-FAO 2020** responsible Renewable Guidance for commodity **Energy Tour in** Research Contribution to Responsible Oslo in 2019 investing in 2021 Handbook on Dialogue Agricultural Start of Academic Sustainable **Research Project Supply Chains** "Agricultural Investments on Agricultural Commodity (CFA Institute) Commodities Investing - A Controversy", panel discussion 2013 Responsibility as third strategic pillar Energy transition and food security **2012** Regulation and market dynamics as strategic pillars

**2011** Foundation of the Commodity Club Switzerland

Growing base of corporate memberships













### Contact persons





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Founder and President

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Please find more information under: www.commodityclub.ch

Picture on top right position: Commodity Club Dinner Event, "Assessing the Changing Global Macro Picture – From Geopolitics to Financial Markets and Precious Metals", Zurich, 23.05.2019. Speakers: Eric Norland and Felix Zulauf.

# **Thomas Hart**

Director, Metals Products
CME Group

#### **Moderator**



Thomas Hart

Director, Metals Products

CME Group

### **Speakers**



Sakhila Mirza

Board Director and General

Counsel

London Bullion Market Association



John Mulligan

Director, Market Relations
and Climate Change Lead

The World Gold Council

# John Mulligan

Director, Market Relations and Climate Change Lead The World Gold Council



### **World Gold Council members**

33 companies; 500+ projects; 100+ productive mines; operations in 45+ countries































































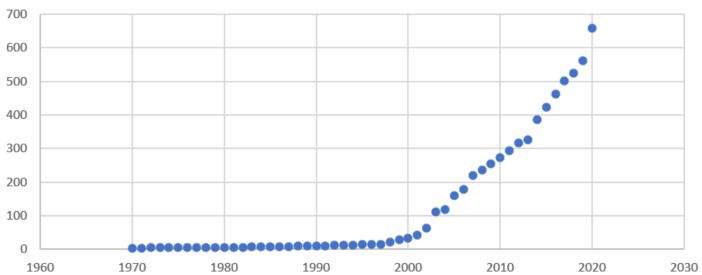




# **ESG** – reshaping the investment landscape

### A global trend, still gathering pace

#### Cumulative number of policy interventions per year (across 84 economies)



Source: PRI responsible investment regulation database

# **Responsible Gold Mining Principles**

- A framework which reflects expectations of responsible gold mining
- Provides investor and consumer confidence that their gold is ethically sourced
- Developed through consultation with strong input from civil society, investors, governments and supply chain participants
- Conformance requires full public disclosure and independent assurance
- Reflects the commitment of the world's leading gold mining companies





















## The Principles

10 umbrella Principles; 51 Principles

#### Governance

- 1. Ethical conduct
- 2. Understanding our impacts
- 3. Supply chain

### Social

- 4. Safety & health
- 5. Human rights & conflict
- 6. Labour rights
- 7. Working with communities

### **Environment**

- 8. Environmental stewardship
- Biodiversity, land use & mine closure
- 10. Water, energy & climate change

### **Responsible Gold Mining Principles**

#### Governance

#### 1. Ethical conduct

- Legal compliance
- Code of conduct
- · Combating bribery and corruption
- · Political contributions
- Transparency
- Taxes and transfer pricing
- · Accountability and reporting

#### 2. Understanding our impacts

- · Risk management
- Stakeholder engagement
- Due diligence
- Impact assessment
- Resolving grievances

#### 3. Supply chain

- Supply chain policy
- Local Procurement
- Market access for ASM

#### Social

#### 4. Safety and health

- Safety
- Safety management systems
- Occupational health and wellbeing
- Community health and emergency planning

#### 5. Human rights and conflict

- UN Guiding Principles
- Avoiding complicity
- · Security and human rights
- Conflict

#### 6. Labour rights

- Wages and benefits
- · Preventing discrimination and bullying
- Child and forced labour
- Freedom of association and collective bargaining
- Diversity
- Women and mining
- · Raising concerns

#### 7. Working with communities

- Community consultation
- Understanding communities
- Creating local benefits
- · Seeking community support
- In-migration
- Indigenous Peoples
- Cultural heritage
- Resettlement

#### **Environment**

#### 8. Environmental stewardship

- Managing environmental impacts
- Tailings and waste management
- Cyanide and hazardous materials
- Mercury
- · Noise and dust

#### 9. Biodiversity, land use and mine closure

- Biodiversity
- World Heritage Sites
- · Land use and deforestation
- Mine closure

#### 10. Water, energy and climate change

- · Water Efficiency
- · Water access and quality
- · Combating climate change
- · Energy efficiency and reporting

# Gold Mining Industry's Contribution to the UN Sustainable Development Goals

#### When undertaken responsibly.....

The Responsible Gold Mining Principles provide an over-arching ESG framework which defines responsible gold mining





















# ....gold mining contributes significantly to sustained social and economic development

including through employment, infrastructure, healthcare, education, environmental stewardship, and tax and royalty payments to government



































### Gold and climate change

#### Our work to date

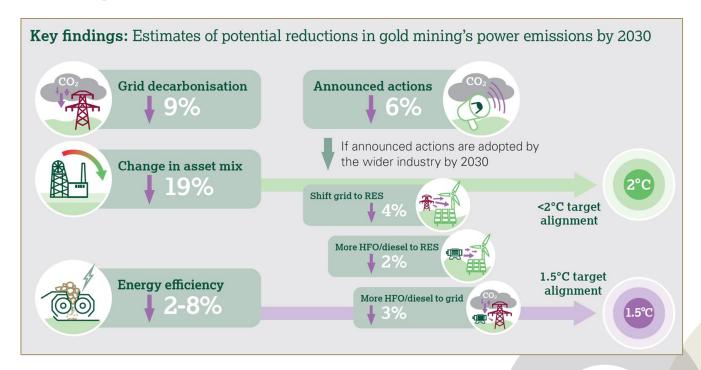
- Quantified gold's carbon footprint, including Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions
- Highlighted positive actions by gold mining and Member companies to improve energy efficiency and reduce emissions
- Presented possible (future) industrial/technological applications for gold that might contribute to enhanced energy use and emissions reduction
- Outlined an potential pathway to net zero for gold, identified as increasingly accessible and cost-effective
- Identified the practical steps that gold miners are taking and can take to decarbonise in line with Paris climate targets
- Examined how gold might represent a climate risk mitigation asset (balancing climate-related risks in investment portfolios)





### Gold - the pathway to net zero

### **Decarbonising power**



### Gold and portfolio climate resilience

#### Asset risk and resilience

Sensitivity of annual returns	2030			2050				
	1.5 °C	2 °C	3 °C	4 °C	1.5 °C	2 °C	3 °C	4 °C
US Bond Aggregate	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	<b>^</b>	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
US Stocks	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	<b>^</b>	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
EAFE Stocks	Ψ	Ψ	<b>→</b>	<b>^</b>	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Emerging Market Stocks	Ψ	Ψ	<b>1</b>	<b>^</b>	Ψ	Ψ.	•	Ψ
Commodities	Ψ	Ψ	<b>→</b>	<b>^</b>	Ψ	Ψ.	Ψ	Ψ
Gold	<b>1</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>↑</b>	Ψ	<b>↑</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>^</b>	<b>1</b>
Real Estate	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>	<b>^</b>	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ

2100									
1.5 °C	2°C	3 °C	4°C						
$\Psi$	$\Psi$	$\Psi$	$\Psi$						
Ψ	Ψ	$\psi$	$\Psi$						
Ψ	Ψ	$\Psi$	Ψ						
Ψ	Ψ	$\Psi$	$\Psi$						
Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ						
<b>小</b>									
Ψ	Ψ	$\Psi$							

- Assets that are relatively neutral in the context of a particular scenario, and may be expected to deliver similar annual average returns to those expected under current/ historical market conditions.
- Assets that may be more robust and benefit from specific factors or opportunities associated with a scenario, potentially delivering increased returns.
- Assets that are more vulnerable to scenario 'downside' risks, less likely to be able deliver expected returns (and more likely to be loss-making).

Source: Anthesis; World Gold Council



# Thank you

#### For more information:

www.gold.org/research/gold-and-climate-change www.gold.org/who-we-are/our-members/responsible-gold

www.gold.org

# Sakhila Mirza

Board Director and General Counsel London Bullion Market Association





# WHO WE ARE

## **Independent Authority for Precious Metals**



Advancing Standards for the Common Good of the Global Industry



#### **Standards**

Good Delivery

Metal Quality

Global Precious Metals Code

- Business Conduct

Responsible Sourcing



#### **Market Solutions**

**Problem Solving** 

Market Infrastructure

Tools & Training

Education



### Voice and Champion of the Market

Principal contact for regulators, media, industry and clients

# **ADVANCING GLOBAL STANDARDS**



Good Delivery
Metal Quality



Global Precious
Metals Code
Business Conduct



Responsible Sourcing Ethical Sourcing



The RSP covers
85-92% of global annual production.
Good Delivery accreditation is the de facto standard trusted around the world

Global Risk assessment covering conflict, AML, terrorist financing, human rights, environment, sustainability The RSP encourages engagement with all forms of mining and recycled sources across Gold, Silver Platinum and Palladium



Refiners on LBMA's Good Delivery List are **audited annually** by **approved independent auditors** and are required to report their audit findings publicly



De-Facto **International standard** trusted around the world.

# ADVANCING ESG REQUIREMENTS

Large Scale Mining
Artisanal and Small-Scale Mining

2



Strengthen ESG engagement & build due diligence capacities



Assess supply chain risk, environmental policies & practices



Respond Management Strategy & Sustainability Policy



### RESPONSIBLE SOURCING REPORT



RESPONSIBLE SOURCING Report 2020

#### 3. 2019 PROGRAMME UPDATE &

Refiners' Responsible Sourcing Performance

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF ESG REQUIREMENTS

2019 was the first year for all <u>Good Delivery List (GDL)</u> refiners to implement the changes that were introduced in version 8 of the Responsible Gold Guidance (RGG).

To summarise, version 8 of the RGG expanded the definition of due diligence by requiring refiners to not only assess risks identified in the OECD Due Diligence Annex II, regarding money laundering, but also to include an assessment of the Environment, Social and Governance (ESG) responsibilities.

Under step one, of the RGG, the refiner's due diligence for its supply chain must include a policy that extends to ESG requirements. Under this step, refiners are asked to strengther ESG engagement with gold-supplying counterparties and, where possible, assist gold-supply counterparties and where possible, assist gold-supply counterparties build due diligence capacities. This would also capture the use of mercury in Artisanal and Small-Scade Mining (ASM), with the expectation that GDL refiners assist in establishing processes to eliminate its sus-

Under step two, refiners must assess the risk in the supply chain, which includes assessing the environmental policies and practices of the producers, both in relation to Artisanal and Small-Scale Mining (ASM) and Large-Scale Mining (LSM). The guidance also gives more detail on this assessment, depending on the nature of the material being sourced (ASM/LSM).

Under step three, once the risks have been identified, the refiner is required to make sure it has a management strategy to respond to identified ESG risks. GDL refiners are also required to provide evidence of their sustainability policy and its effect on any associated initiatives throughout their supply chain.

Audit reports reflecting implementation of these changes will be submitted in 2020 and discussed in more detail in the next Annual Report.

#### **GDL REFINERS' 2019 PERFORMANCE**

In 2019, no GDL refiner was moved to the Former List for failure to comply with the Responsible Sourcing Programme.

Whilst there were several escalations during the year, each one was addressed appropriately, with full co-peration from the GDL refiner in question. As highlighted earlier, LEMAR relies not two important processes to help identify Responsible Sourierig issues. Firsty, the annual reports, and the information provided in these reports, will flag non-conformances. Also, market intelligence, media reports and oredble NOO reports may provide information that will then instigate an incident Review Process (IRP).

Gold – non-conformances
2019 saw an overall increase in medium-risk and highrisk non-conformances for responsible gold audits. The
two high-risk non-conformances for gold related to one
GDL refinery based in the Europe & Africa Country of
Origin category lees cease study one). All medium-risk
non-conformances for gold related to two different GDL
refineries based in the Americas and were escalabled to
refineries based in the Americas and were escalabled to
and both GDL refiners throughout the development of
Corrective Action Plans to engine accordant limits and
the conformation of the conformation

were agreed before issuing 2018 RGG certificates. No zero-tolerances were reported in 2019.

Silver – non-conformances
As 2018 was the implementation year for silver GDL
refines, the 2019 reports highlighted a high number of
non-conformances for silver. This was oppeted, as several
silver only GDL refines were implementing new controls
and going through the audit for the first time. We appet
to see these numbers trend down as silver GDL refiners
to see these numbers trend down as silver GDL refiners
continuous improvement. However, no rand-teriance
non-conformances were identified, which confirms the
commitment that each GDL refiner has in trings to achieve
full compliance with the international standards.
As is expected for gold, all silver high-risk non-

conformances were addressed within 90 days.



Provides background to the Responsible Sourcing Programme

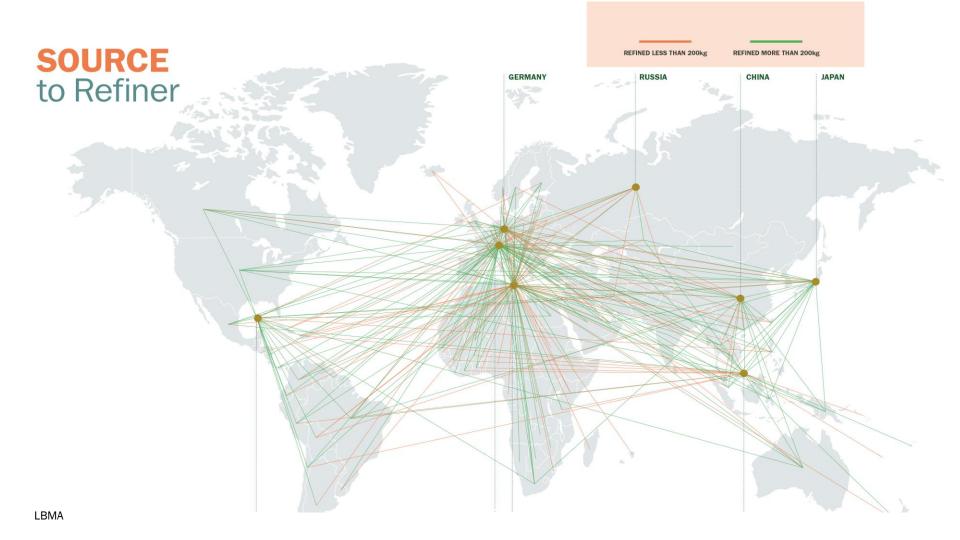
Refiners performance for 2019 including case studies

Auditors Review of 2019

Country of Origin data collected in 2019 for 2018 production

Future development

**Annual Report** 



# RESPONSIBLE SOURCING STRATEGY

### Three Year Strategic Plan - RGG Version 9 Consultation during 2021



LBMA's role is to lead
and advocate for the
continuous improvement
of Global Responsible
Sourcing standards and
business practices to ensure
a sustainable precious
metals industry

### **Priorities:**



Transparency improving disclosure



Audit programme upholding trust



Advancing standards defining best practice



Artisanal Mining (ASM) creating responsible demand



Value chain accountability building global leverage beyond LBMA's reach



Sustainability
protection of life, health,
and the environment for
future generations

# RESPONSIBLE GOLD GUIDANCE THE NEXT VERSION



The responsible sourcing of **recycled gold**: clarity on due diligence expectations



The **elimination of cash** transactions except for ASM where transactions will require approvals.



Provision of support for responsible ASM measures to create economic & development opportunities.



Clarity on **Origin of material**. Integrated approach to risk assessment & strengthened due diligence process.



Further detail on ESG risk assessment



Risk mitigation requirements clarified & aligned with OECD due diligence guidance.



Auditor independence & audit quality: rotation of auditors every 10 years & annual assurance checks.



Mandatory conformance with **Disclosure guidance** to promote better reporting practices.

### **COUNTRY OF ORIGIN DATA: BACKGROUND**

01

#### **Data Provided**

LSM - 2,127t (44%)

ASM - 26t (1%)

Recycled - 2,683t (55%)

02

### **Aggregated**

Countries with four or more refiners i.e.
China and Switzerland

Regions: i.e. Asia and Australia

03

### **Data Analysis**

**Existing Customs Data** 

Market Reports



### **IBC Recommendations:**

- Responsible sourcing of recycled gold
- Eliminating cash transactions
- Support ASM

#### LBMA calls on:

- National Authorities
- Civil Society
- Other Industry Bodies

### Feedback on:

- IBC recommendations
- Three-year strategic plan



# Thank you

Please let us know your questions, comments and opinions.

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